

Business Mathematics  
Class notes  
Property Tax (section 13.1)

How much do we pay  
in property taxes for  
our house or boat?

**Property tax** is figured as a percentage of the assessed value of the object. The **assessed value** of a house, boat, or other taxable object is found by multiplying the fair market value by some percentage. The **fair market value** is the price a property would sell for.

expl 1: Find the assessed value of the property.

Fair market value: \$98,200

Rate of assessment: 42%

Find 42% of  
\$98,200.

$$\begin{aligned} &42\% \text{ of } 98,200 \\ &= 0.42 * 98,200 \\ &= \$41,244 \end{aligned}$$

expl 2: One Harley Davidson store has property with a fair market value of \$518,600. The property is located in an area that is assessed at 35% of market value. The tax rate is \$7.35 per \$100 (of assessed value). Find the property tax.

First, what is the  
assessed value?

assessed value

$$\begin{aligned} &= 0.35 * 518,600 \\ &= \$181,510 \end{aligned}$$

What does "\$7.35 per  
\$100 (of assessed  
value)" mean?

$$\text{prop tax} = \frac{181,510}{100} * 7.35$$

$$\approx \$13,340.99$$

## Converting among Tax Formats:

As we will see, property tax is often given in different formats. We might be given a percentage, an amount of dollars per \$100 of assessed value, an amount of dollars per \$1,000 of assessed value, or even mills (per \$1 of assessed value). We will need to convert among forms and figure property taxes with them.

What the heck  
is a mill?

First, a **mill** is one-thousandth of a dollar. So 8 mills would be 8 of these \$0.001 – or rather \$0.008. That is 8 tenths of a cent! Let's play around with converting among the different formats you might see.

expl 3: Consider a tax of \$8 per \$100 of assessed value. Use percents and ratios to write their equivalent forms below.

$$\text{\$8 per \$100 of assessed value} = \frac{8}{100} \%$$

8 per 100 is  
 $\frac{8}{100}$

$$\Rightarrow 0.08 = 8\%$$

$$\text{\$8 per \$100 of assessed value} = \text{\$80 per \$1,000 of assessed value}$$

Make a proportion.

$$\frac{8}{100} = \frac{?}{1,000}$$

expl 4a: Consider a tax of 80 mills (per \$1 of assessed value). So, for every dollar of assessed value, how much tax is charged?

$$80 \text{ mills} = \$0.080 = 8\text{¢}$$

They will usually  
just say 80 mills.

80  
one-thousandths  
of a dollar.

So how much is 80  
thousandths of a dollar?

$$\frac{80}{1000} = \frac{8}{100}$$

expl 4b: So for every \$1,000 of assessed value, how much tax is charged?

$$0.08 * 1000 = \$80$$



expl 5: Write the given tax rate using the other three methods.

Tax rate: \$6.75 per \$100

They leave off "of assessed value" often.

a.) Write it as a percent.

$$\frac{6.75}{100} = 6.75\%$$

Do we use the percent sign, dollar sign, or no sign (for mills)?

b.) Write the equivalent tax rate "67.5 per \$1,000".

$$\begin{array}{l} \times 10 \rightarrow \$6.75 \text{ per } \$100 \\ \rightarrow \$67.5 \text{ per } \$1000 \end{array}$$

$$\frac{67.5}{1000}$$

c.) Write the equivalent tax rate "67.5 mills".

"one-thousandths of a dollar"

$$1 \text{ mill} = \frac{\$1}{1000} = 0.001$$

Recall, \$80 per \$1,000 was the same as 80 mills.

### Worksheet: Finding property tax amounts with various rates:

This worksheet will help you practice finding the property tax for a house with an assessed value of \$100,000. You will use various formats.

## Determining the Property Tax Rate:

How does a city (or taxing authority) figure how much to charge their citizens for property tax?  
Here is a simple process they might go through.

Step 1: Estimate the amount of money needed by the city or taxing authority.

Step 2: Find the *total* fair market value of *all* properties in the area.

Step 3: Find the *total* assessed value of *all* the properties.

Step 4: Calculate  $\text{Property tax rate} = \frac{\text{Total tax amount needed}}{\text{Total assessed value of properties}}$

This will be a percent  
in decimal form.

expl 6: Find the tax rate. Write it as a percent, rounded to the nearest hundredth of a percent.

Total tax amount needed: \$28,630,000

Total assessed value: \$12,350,000,000

$$\text{prop tax rate} = \frac{28,630,000}{12,350,000,000}$$

$$\approx 0.0023$$

$$= 0.23\% = 23 \text{ hundredths of a percent}$$

↑ 10<sup>th</sup>    ↑ 100<sup>th</sup>

What do you round to  
when you need to end  
up with the nearest  
hundredth of a percent?

To summarize, complete the sentences.

So, in order for the municipality to make the required \$28,630,000, they should

charge a property tax rate of 0.23%. At this rate, the total assessed value of

\$12,350,000,000 will generate \$28,405,000 in taxes.

$$0.23\% \text{ of total ass. value} = .0023 * 12,350,000,000$$

Why are  
we short?

rounding  
errors.